## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

- 1-9 (Cancelled)
- treatment, to induce G-CSF production or secretion in comprising administering to a subject in need thereof, an effective amount of an active ingredient for achieving a therapeutic effect, the therapeutic effect comprises induction of comprising administering to the subject an amount of an A3-selective adenosine A3 receptor agonist in a manner such that it exerts its prime effect through the adenosine A3 receptor, the amount being effective to selectively agonize the adenosine A3 receptor so as to induce G-CSF production or secretion, and said active ingredient selected from the group consisting of an adenosine A3 receptor agonist (A3RAg), an A1 adenosine receptor agonist (A1RAg) and a combination of an A3RAg and an A1RAg.
  - 11 (Cancelled)
- 12 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim 1110, wherein the drug is administered orally.
  - 13-14 (Cancelled)

15 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim \$\frac{11}{10}\$, wherein said active ingredient is a nucleotide derivative of the following general formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_3 \\
N \\
N \\
R_1
\end{array}$$
(I)

wherein

-  $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  carboxyalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  cyanoalkyl or a group of the following general formula (II):

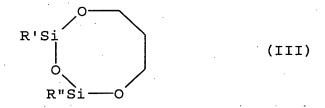
$$X_1$$
 $X_2$ 
 $X_3$ 
 $X_4$ 
 $X_4$ 

in which:

- Y is <u>an oxygen, or sulfur <del>of carbon atoms</del>atom or</u> <u>CH<sub>2</sub>;</u>
- $X_1$  is H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $R^aR^bNC(=0)$  or  $HOR^c$ -, wherein  $R^a$  and  $R^b$  may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  aminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  BOC-aminoalkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl or are joined together to form a heterocyclic ring

containing two to five carbon atoms, and  $R^c$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  aminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  BOC-aminoalkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl;

- $X_2$  is H, hydroxyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylamido or  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  hydroxyalkyl;
- $X_3$  and  $X_4$  each independently are hydrogen, hydroxyl, amino, amido, azido, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, carboxy, nitrilo, nitro, trifluoro, aryl, alkaryl, thio, thioester, thioether, -OCOPh, -OC(=S)OPh or both  $X_3$  and  $X_4$  are oxygen connected to >C=S to form a 5-membered ring, or  $X_2$  and  $X_3$  form the ring of formula (III):



where R' and R'' are independently  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkyl;

- $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylether, amino, hydrazido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  thioalkoxy, pyridylthio,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl;  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl, thio, and  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylthio; and
- $R_3$  is a -NR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub> group with R<sub>4</sub> being hydrogen, or a group-selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl or aryl-NH-C(Z)-, with Z being O, S<sub>7</sub> or NR<sup>a</sup>, with R<sup>a</sup> having the above meanings, and And R<sub>5</sub>, where, when R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen, is R<sub>5</sub> being selected

from the group consisting of R- and S-1-phenylethyl, benzyl, phenylethyl or anilide groups, each such group being unsubstituted or substituted in one or more positions with a substituent selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, amino, halo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> haloalkyl, nitro, hydroxyl,

acetoamido\_acetamido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy, and sulfonic acid or a salt thereof; or  $R_4$ - $R_5$ \_is-being benzodioxanemethyl, fururyl, L-propylalanylaminobenzyl,  $\beta$ -alanylaminobenzyl, T-BOC- $\beta$ -alanylaminobenzyl, phenylamino, carbamoyl, phenoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl; or  $R_5$  is-being a group of the following formula:

or a suitable salt of the compound defined above,

e.g., a triethylammonium salt thereof; or

or, when  $R_4$  is a group selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, or aryl-NH-C(Z)-, then,  $R_4$   $R_5$  being is selected from the group consisting of substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-NR<sup>a</sup>-C(Z), heteroaryl-C(Z)-, alkaryl-NR<sup>a</sup>-C(Z)-, alkaryl-C(Z)-, aryl-NR-C(Z)- and aryl-C(Z); wherein Z having the above defined meanings

or a suitable salt of the compound defined above.

16 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim 15, wherein said active ingredient is a nucleoside derivative of the general formula (IV):

$$R_5$$
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_2$ 

in which  $X_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_4-R_5$  are as defined in Claim 15.

17 (Original). A method according to Claim 16, wherein said active ingredient is an  $N^6$ -benzyladenosine-5'-uronamide.

18 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim 17, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of N<sup>6</sup>-2-(4-aminophenyl)ethyladenosine (APNEA), N<sup>6</sup>- (4-amino-3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-(N-methyluronamide) (AB-MECA) and 1-deoxy-1- $\{6-[(\{3-iodophenyl\}methyl)amino]-9H-purine-9-yl\}-N-methyl-$\beta-D-ribofuranuronamide (IB-MECA) and 2-chloro-N<sup>6</sup>-(23-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methly-uronamidemethyluronamide (Cl-IB-MECA).$ 

19-40 (Cancelled)

- abnormal cell growth proliferation in a subject in need thereof, comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective—an amount of an active ingredient selected from the group consisting of an A3-selective adenosine A3 receptor agonist (A3RAg),—an adenosine A2 receptor agonist (A2RAg) and a combination of A3RAg and A2RAg in a manner such that it exerts is prime effect through the adenosine A3 receptor, the amount being effective to selectively inhibit abnormal cell proliferation.
- 42 (Original). A method according to Claim 41, for inhibiting growth or proliferation of tumor cells.
  - 43 (Cancelled)
- 44 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim 4341, wherein the drug is administered orally.

45 (Original). A method according to Claim 41, wherein the drug is administered in combination with a chemotherapeutic drug.

46 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim 45, wherein said active ingredient is a nucleotide derivative of the following general formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_3 \\
N \\
N \\
R_1
\end{array}$$
(I)

wherein

-  $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  carboxyalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  cyanoalkyl or a group of the following general formula (II):

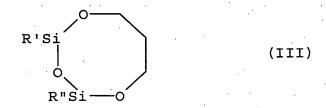
$$X_1$$
 $X_2$ 
 $X_3$ 
 $X_4$ 
(II)

in which:

- Y is <u>an oxygen</u>, <u>or sulfur <del>of carbon atoms</del>atom or CH<sub>2</sub>;</u>
- $X_1$  is H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $R^aR^bNC(=0)$  or  $HOR^c$ -, wherein  $R^a$  and  $R^b$  may be the same or different and are selected from

the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  aminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  BOC-aminoalkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl or are joined together to form a heterocyclic ring containing two to five carbon atoms, and  $R^c$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  aminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  BOC-aminoalkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl;

- $X_2$  is H, hydroxyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylamido or  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  hydroxyalkyl;
- X<sub>3</sub> and X<sub>4</sub> each independently are hydrogen, hydroxyl, amino, amido, azido, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, carboxy, nitrilo, nitro, trifluoro, aryl, alkaryl, thio, thioester, thioether, -OCOPh, -OC(=S)OPh or both X<sub>3</sub> and X<sub>4</sub> are oxygen connected to >C=S to form a 5-membered ring, or X<sub>2</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> form the ring of formula (III):

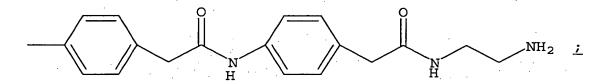


where R' and R'' are independently  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkyl;

-  $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylether, amino, hydrazido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  thioalkoxy, pyridylthio,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl;  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl, thio, and  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylthio; and

-  $R_3$  is a -NR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub> group with R<sub>4</sub> being hydrogen, or a group selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl or aryl-NH-C(Z)-, with Z being O, S<sub>7</sub> or NR<sup>a</sup>, with R<sup>a</sup> having the above meanings, and,

And  $R_5$  when  $R_4$  is hydrogen,  $R_5$  is being selected from the group consisting of R- and S-1-phenylethyl, benzyl, phenylethyl or anilide groups, each said group being unsubstituted or substituted in one or more positions with a substituent selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl, nitro, hydroxyl, acetoamidoacetamido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy, and sulfonic acid or a salt thereof; or  $R_4$ - $R_5$  is being benzodioxanemethyl, fururyl, L-propylalanylaminobenzyl,  $\beta$ -alanylaminobenzyl, T-BOC- $\beta$ -alanylaminobenzyl, phenylamino, carbamoyl, phenoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl; or  $R_5$  is being a group of the following formula:



or a suitable salt of the compound defined above, e.g., a triethylammonium salt thereof; or or, when  $R_4$  is a group selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, or aryl-NH-C(Z)-, then,  $R_4$   $R_5$  being is selected from the group consisting of substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-NR $^a$ -C(Z), heteroaryl-C(Z)-, alkaryl-NR $^a$ -C(Z)-, alkaryl-C(Z)-, aryl-NR-

C(Z) - and aryl-C(Z); wherein Z having the above defined
meanings

## or a suitable salt of the compound defined above.

47 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim 46, wherein said active ingredient is a nucleoside derivative of the general formula (IV):

$$R_5$$
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_2$ 

in which  $X_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_4-\underline{R}_5$  are as defined in Claim 46.

48 (Original). A method according to Claim 47, wherein said active ingredient is an  $N^6$ -benzyladenosine-5'-uronamide.

49 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim 48, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of  $N^6$ -2-(4-aminophenyl)ethyladenosine (APNEA),  $N^6$ -(4-amino-3- iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-(N-methyluronamide) (AB-MECA) and 1-deoxy-1- $\{6$ -[( $\{3$ -iodophenyl} $\}$ methyl)amino]-9H-purine-9-yl $\}$ -N-methyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranuronamide (IB-MECA) and 2-chloro- $N^6$ -( $\{23$ -iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyly uronamide methyluronamide (Cl-IB-MECA).

cancer in a subject in need thereof, comprising administering to the subject an effective—amount of an A3-selective adenosine A3 receptor agonist (A3RagA3RAg), the administration of the A3RAg yielding a dual effect—in a manner such that it exerts its prime effect through the adenosine A3 receptor, the amount being effective to both inhibiting—selectively inhibit proliferation of cancer cells and countering—to counter toxic side effects of chemotherapeutic drug treatment of the same subject.

51 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim 50, wherein the A3Rag A3RAg synergizes with said drug to yield a stronger anti-tumor effect.

52 (Original). A method according to Claim 50, wherein the drug is administered orally.

53 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim 50, wherein said active ingredient is a nucleotide derivative of the following general formula (I):

wherein

-  $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  carboxyalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  cyanoalkyl or a group of the following general formula (II):

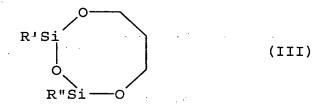
$$X_1$$
 $X_2$ 
 $X_3$ 
 $X_4$ 
(II)

in which:

- Y is <u>an oxygen, or sulfur <del>of carbon atoms</del>atom or</u> CH<sub>2</sub>;
- $X_1$  is H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $R^aR^bNC$ (=0) or  $HOR^c$ -, wherein  $R^a$  and  $R^b$  may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$

haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  aminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  BOC-aminoalkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl or are joined together to form a heterocyclic ring containing two to five carbon atoms, and  $R^c$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  aminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  BOC-aminoalkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl;

- $X_2$  is H, hydroxyl,  $C_1\text{-}C_{10}$  alkylamino,  $C_1\text{-}C_{10}$  alkylamido or  $C_1\text{-}C_{10}$  hydroxyalkyl;
- X<sub>3</sub> and X<sub>4</sub> each independently are hydrogen, hydroxyl, amino, amido, azido, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, carboxy, nitrilo, nitro, trifluoro, aryl, alkaryl, thio, thioester, thioether, -OCOPh, -OC(=S)OPh or both X<sub>3</sub> and X<sub>4</sub> are oxygen connected to >C=S to form a 5-membered ring, or X<sub>2</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> form the ring of formula (III):



where R' and R'' are independently  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkyl;

-  $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylether, amino, hydrazido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  thioalkoxy, pyridylthio,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl;  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl, thio, and  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylthio; and

-  $R_3$  is a -NR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub> group with R<sub>4</sub> being hydrogen, or a group selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl or aryl-NH-C(Z)-, with Z being O, S<sub>7</sub> or NR<sup>a</sup> with R<sup>a</sup> having the above meanings, andAnd R<sub>5</sub>, where, when R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen, is R<sub>5</sub> being selected from the group consisting of R- and S-1-phenylethyl, benzyl, phenylethyl or anilide groups, each said group being unsubstituted or substituted in one or more positions with a substituent selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, amino, halo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> haloalkyl, nitro, hydroxyl, aceteamidoacetamido, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxy, and sulfonic acid or a salt thereof; or R<sub>4</sub>-R<sub>5</sub> is being benzodioxanemethyl, fururyl, L-propylalanylaminobenzyl,  $\beta$ -alanylaminobenzyl, T-BOC- $\beta$ -alanylaminobenzyl, phenylamino, carbamoyl, phenoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl; or R<sub>5</sub> is being a group of the following formula:

or a suitable salt of the compound defined above, e.g., a triethylammonium salt thereof; or or, when  $R_4$  is a group selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, or aryl-NH-C(Z)-, then,  $R_4$   $R_5$  being is selected from the group

consisting of substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-NRa-C(Z),

heteroaryl-C(Z)-, alkaryl- $NR^a$ -C(Z)-, alkaryl-C(Z)-, aryl-NR-

C(Z) - and aryl-C(Z); wherein Z having the above defined meanings

## or a suitable salt of the compound defined above.

54 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim 53, wherein said active ingredient is a nucleoside derivative of the general formula (IV):

$$R_5$$
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_2$ 

in which  $X_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_4-\underline{R}_5$  are as defined in Claim 53.

55 (Original). A method according to Claim 54, wherein said active ingredient is an  $N^6$ -benzyladenosine-5'-uronamide.

56 (Currently Amended). A method according to Claim 55, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of  $N^6$ -2-(4-aminophenyl)ethyladenosine (APNEA),  $N^6$ -(4-amino-3- iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-(N-methyluronamide) (AB-MECA) and 1-deoxy-1- $\{6$ -[( $\{3$ -iodophenyl} $\}$ methyl)amino]-9H-purine-9-yl $\}$ -N-methyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranuronamide (IB-MECA) and 2-chloro- $N^6$ -( $\{23$ -iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyly uronamide methyluronamide (Cl-IB-MECA).

57 (New). A method for inhibiting abnormal cell proliferation in a subject, comprising administering to the subject an amount of an adenosine A3 receptor agonist in a manner such that it exerts its prime effect through the A3 adenosine receptor without essentially activating adenosine receptors other than the A3 adenosine receptor, the amount being effective to selectively inhibit abnormal cell proliferation.

58 (New). A method according to Claim 41, wherein said abnormal cell proliferation is the growth or proliferation of tumor cells.

59 (New). A method according to Claim 57, wherein the drug is administered orally.

60 (New). A method according to Claim 57, wherein the drug is administered in combination with a chemotherapeutic drug.

61 (New). A method according to Claim 57, wherein the active ingredient is a nucleotide derivative of the following general formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_3 \\
N \\
N \\
R_1
\end{array}$$
(I)

wherein  $R_1$  is  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_1-C_{10}$  hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1-C_{10}$  carboxyalkyl or  $C_1-C_{10}$  cyanoalkyl or a group of the following general formula (II):

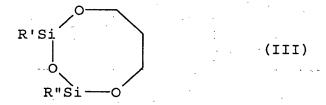
$$X_1$$
 $X_2$ 
 $X_3$ 
 $X_4$ 
 $X_4$ 

in which:

- Y is an oxygen or sulfur atom or CH2;
- $X_1$  is H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $R^aR^bNC(=0)$  or  $HOR^c$ -, wherein  $R^a$  and  $R^b$  may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  aminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  BOC-aminoalkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$

cycloalkyl or are joined together to form a heterocyclic ring containing two to five carbon atoms, and  $R^c$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  aminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  BOC-aminoalkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl;

- $X_2$  is H, hydroxyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylamido or  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  hydroxyalkyl;
- $X_3$  and  $X_4$  each independently are hydrogen, hydroxyl, amino, amido, azido, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, carboxy, nitrilo, nitro, trifluoro, aryl, alkaryl, thio, thioester, thioether, -OCOPh, -OC(=S)OPh or both  $X_3$  and  $X_4$  are oxygen connected to >C=S to form a 5-membered ring, or  $X_2$  and  $X_3$  form the ring of formula (III):



where R' and R'' are independently  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkyl;

- $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylether, amino, hydrazido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  thioalkoxy, pyridylthio,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl, thio, and  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylthio; and
- $R_3$  is a -NR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub> group with R<sub>4</sub> being hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl or aryl-NH-C(Z)-, with Z being O, S or NR<sup>a</sup>, and, when R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen, R<sub>5</sub> being selected from the group

consisting of R- and S-1-phenylethyl, benzyl, phenylethyl or anilide groups, each said group being unsubstituted or substituted in one or more positions with a substituent selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl, nitro, hydroxyl, acetamido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy, and sulfonic acid or a salt thereof; or  $R_5$  being benzodioxanemethyl, fururyl, L-propylalanyl-aminobenzyl,  $\beta$ -alanylamino-benzyl, T-BOC- $\beta$ -alanylaminobenzyl, phenylamino, carbamoyl, phenoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl; or  $R_5$  being a group of the following formula:

or, when  $R_4$  is alkyl, substituted alkyl, or aryl-NH-C(Z)-, then  $R_5$  is selected from the group consisting of substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl-NR<sup>a</sup>-C(Z)-, heteroaryl-C(Z)-, alkaryl-NR<sup>a</sup>-C(Z)-, alkaryl-C(Z)-, aryl-NR-C(Z)- and aryl-C(Z)-;

62 (New). A method according to Claim 61, wherein said active ingredient is a nucleoside derivative of the

or a suitable salt of said nucleotide derivative.

general formula (IV):

$$R_5$$
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_2$ 

in which  $X_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_4$  are as defined in Claim 61.

63 (New). A method according to Claim 62, wherein said active ingredient is an N6-benzyladenosine-5'-uronamide.

64 (New). A method according to Claim 63, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of N<sup>6</sup>-2-(4-aminophenyl)ethyladenosine (APNEA), N<sup>6</sup>-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl) adenosine-5'-(N-methyluronamide) (AB-MECA) and 1-deoxy-1- $\{6-[(\{3-iodophenyl\}\ methyl)amino]-9H-purine-9-yl\}-N-methyl-\beta-D-ribofuranuron-amide (IB-MECA) and 2-chloro-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-adenosine-5'-N-methly-uronamide (Cl-IB-MECA).$ 

65 (New). A method according to Claim 57, wherein the active ingredient is administered at an amount less than 100  $\mu g/Kg$  body weight.

66 (New). A method according to Claim 65, wherein the amount is less than 50  $\mu g/Kg$  body weight.

67 (New). A method according to claim 15, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of:

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N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-hydroxyethyladenine;
R-N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl) adenine;
S-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)adenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyladenin-9-yl)acetic acid;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(3-cyanopropyl)adenine;
2-chloro-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
2-amino-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
2-hydrazido-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-2-methylamino-9-methyladenine;
2-dimethylamino-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyl-2-propylaminoadenine;
2-hexylamino-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-2-methoxy-9-methyladenine;
N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyl-2-methylthioadenine;
N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyl-2-(4-pyridylthio)adenine;
(1S, 2R, 3S, 4R) -4-(6-amino-2-phenylethylamino-9H-
     purin-9-yl) cyclopentane-1,2,3-triol;
(1S, 2R, 3S, 4R) -4-(6-amino-2-chloro-9H-purin-9-yl)
     cyclopentane-1,2,3-triol;
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 $(\pm)$  -9-[2 $\alpha$ , 3 $\alpha$ -dihydroxy-4 $\beta$ -(Nmethylcarbamoyl)cyclopent- $1\beta$ -yl)]- $N^6$ -(3iodobenzyl) -adenine; 2-chloro-9-(2'-amino-2',3'-dideoxy- $\beta$ -D-5'-methylarabino-furonamido) -N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(2',3'-dideoxy-2'-fluoro- $\beta$ -D-5'-methylarabino-furonamido) -N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 9-(2-acetyl-3-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-5-methyl-ribofuronamido)-2chloro-N<sup>6</sup> (3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(3-deoxy-2-methanesulfonyl- $\beta$ -D-5-methylribofuronamido) -N<sup>6</sup> - (3 - iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(3-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-5-methyl-ribofuronamido)-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(3,5-1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyldisiloxyl- $\beta$ -D-5-ribofuranosyl) -N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(2',3'-0-thiocarbonyl- $\beta$ -D-5-methylribofuronamido) -N<sup>6</sup> - (3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 9-(2-phenoxythiocarbonyl-3-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-5-methylribofuronamido) -2-chloro-N<sup>6</sup>-(3iodobenzyl) adenine; 1-(6-benzylamino-9H-purin-9-yl)-1-deoxy-N,4dimethyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosiduronamide; 2-chloro-9-(2,3-dideoxy- $\beta$ -D-5-methyl-

ribofuronamido) -N<sup>6</sup>-benzyladenine;

- 2-chloro-9-(2'-azido-2',3'-dideoxy- $\beta$ -D-5'-methyl-arabino-furonamido)-N<sup>6</sup>-benzyladenine;
- 2-chloro-9-( $\beta$ -D-erythrofuranoside)-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)adenine;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(benzodioxanemethyl)adenosine;
- 1-(6-furfurylamino-9H-purin-9-yl)-1-deoxy-N-methyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosiduronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-[3-(L-prolylamino)benzyl]adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -[3-( $\beta$ -alanylamino)benzyl]adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -[3-(N-T-Boc- $\beta$ -alanylamino)benzyl]adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide
- 6-(N'-phenylhydrazinyl)purine-9-β-ribofuranoside-5'N-methyluronamide;
- 6-(0-phenylhydroxylamino)purine-9-β-ribofuranoside-5'-N-methyluronamide;
- 9-( $\beta$ -D-2',3'-dideoxyerythrofuranosyl)-N<sup>6</sup>-[(3- $\beta$ -alanylamino)benzyl]adenosine;
- 9-( $\beta$ -D-erythrofuranoside)-2-methylamino-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl) adenine;
- 2-chloro-N-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(2-tetrahydrofuryl)-9Hpurin-6-amine;
- 2-chloro-(2'-deoxy-6'-thio-L-arabinosyl)adenine;

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- 2-chloro-(6'-thio-L-arabinosyl)adenine;
- $N^6$ -(4-biphenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(2,4-dichlorobenzyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(4-methoxyphenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(4-chlorophenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(phenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(benzylcarbamoylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(4-sulfonamido-phenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(4-acetyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -((R)- $\alpha$ -phenylethylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -((S)- $\alpha$ -phenylethylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(5-methyl-isoxazol-3-yl-carbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;

- $N^6$ -(1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl-carbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(4-n-propoxy-phenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -bis-(4-nitrophenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide; and
- $N^6$ -bis-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yl-carbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide.
- 68 (New). A method according to Claim 16, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of those of formula (IV) in which:

 $X_1$  is  $R^aR^bNC(=0)$ , wherein  $R^a$  and  $R^b$  may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  aminoalkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyoxy, amino,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl, and  $R_5$  is selected from the group consisting of R- and S-1-phenylethyl, an unsubstituted benzyl group, and a benzyl group substituted in one or more positions with a substituent selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl, nitro, hydroxy, acetamido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy, and sulfo.

69 (New). A method according to claim 68, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of those of formula (IV) in which:

 $$\rm R^a$$  and  $\rm R^b$  are the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and  $C_1\text{-}C_{10}$  alkyl, and  $R_2$  is hydrogen or halo;

 $\mbox{\sc R}^a$  is hydrogen,  $\mbox{\sc R}_2$  is hydrogen and  $\mbox{\sc R}_5$  is unsubstituted benzyl;

 $R^b$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl or  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl and  $R_5$  in R- or S-1-phenylethyl or a benzyl substituted in one or more positions with a substituent selected from the group consisting of halo, amino, acetamido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl and sulfo, wherein the sulfo derivative is a salt;

 $R_2$  is a  $C_2\text{-}C_{10}$  alkyne of the formula  $R^d\text{-}C\text{=}C\text{-}$  where  $R^d$  is a  $C_1\text{-}C_8$  alkyl; or

 $R_2$  is a halo,  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkylamino, or  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkylthio,  $R^a$  is hydrogen,  $R^b$  is  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkyl and  $R_5$  is a substituted benzyl.

70 (New). A method according to Claim 15, wherein the active ingredient is in the form of a triethylammonium salt.

71 (New). A method according to claim 46, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of:

```
N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-hydroxyethyladenine;
R-N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl) adenine;
S-N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl) adenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyladenin-9-yl)acetic acid;
N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(3-cyanopropyl)adenine;
2-chloro-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
2-amino-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
2-hydrazido-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-2-methylamino-9-methyladenine;
2-dimethylamino-N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyl-2-propylaminoadenine;
2-\text{hexylamino-N}^6-(3-\text{iodobenzyl})-9-\text{methyladenine};
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-2-methoxy-9-methyladenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyl-2-methylthioadenine;
N^6-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyl-2-(4-pyridylthio)adenine;
(1S, 2R, 3S, 4R) -4-(6-amino-2-phenylethylamino-9H-
      purin-9-yl)cyclopentane-1,2,3-triol;
(1S, 2R, 3S, 4R) -4-(6-amino-2-chloro-9H-purin-9-yl)
      cyclopentane-1,2,3-triol;
(\pm) -9-[2\alpha, 3\alpha-dihydroxy-4\beta-(N-
      methylcarbamoyl)cyclopent-1\beta-yl)]-N^6-(3-
      iodobenzyl) -adenine;
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2-chloro-9-(2'-amino-2',3'-dideoxy- $\beta$ -D-5'-methylarabino-furonamido) -N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(2',3'-dideoxy-2'-fluoro- $\beta$ -D-5'-methylarabino-furonamido) -N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 9-(2-acetyl-3-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-5-methyl-ribofuronamido)-2chloro-N<sup>6</sup> (3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(3-deoxy-2-methanesulfonyl- $\beta$ -D-5-methylribofuronamido) -N<sup>6</sup> - (3 - iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(3-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-5-methyl-ribofuronamido)-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)adenine; 2-chloro-9-(3,5-1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyldisiloxyl- $\beta$ -D-5-ribofuranosyl)-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)adenine; 2-chloro-9-(2',3'-0-thiocarbonyl- $\beta$ -D-5-methylribofuronamido) -N<sup>6</sup> - (3 - iodobenzyl) adenine; 9-(2-phenoxythiocarbonyl-3-deoxy-\$-D-5-methylribofuronamido) -2-chloro-N6-(3iodobenzyl) adenine; 1-(6-benzylamino-9H-purin-9-yl)-1-deoxy-N,4dimethyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosiduronamide; 2-chloro-9-(2,3-dideoxy- $\beta$ -D-5-methylribofuronamido) -N<sup>6</sup>-benzyladenine; 2-chloro-9-(2'-azido-2',3'-dideoxy- $\beta$ -D-5'-methyl-

arabino-furonamido) -N6-benzyladenine;

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           2-chloro-9-(\beta-D-erythrofuranoside)-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-
                iodobenzyl) adenine;
          N<sup>6</sup>-(benzodioxanemethyl)adenosine;
          1-(6-furfurylamino-9H-purin-9-yl)-1-deoxy-N-methyl-
                \beta-D-ribofuranosiduronamide;
          N<sup>6</sup>-[3-(L-prolylamino)benzyl]adenosine-5'-N-
                methyluronamide;
          N^6-[3-(\beta-alanylamino)benzyl]adenosine-5'-N-
                methyluronamide;
          N^6-[3-(N-T-Boc-\beta-alanylamino)benzyl]adenosine-5'-N-
                methyluronamide
          6-(N'-phenylhydrazinyl) purine-9-\beta-ribofuranoside-5'-
                N-methyluronamide;
          6-(O-phenylhydroxylamino)purine-9-β-ribofuranoside-
               5'-N-methyluronamide;
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- 9-( $\beta$ -D-2',3'-dideoxyerythrofuranosyl)-N<sup>6</sup>-[(3- $\beta$ -alanylamino)benzyl]adenosine;
- 9-( $\beta$ -D-erythrofuranoside)-2-methylamino-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)adenine;
- 2-chloro-N-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(2-tetrahydrofuryl)-9Hpurin-6-amine;
- 2-chloro-(2'-deoxy-6'-thio-L-arabinosyl)adenine;
- 2-chloro-(6'-thio-L-arabinosyl)adenine;

- $N^6$ -(4-biphenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(2,4-dichlorobenzyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(4-methoxyphenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(4-chlorophenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(phenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(benzylcarbamoylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(4-sulfonamido-phenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(4-acetyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -((R)- $\alpha$ -phenylethylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -((S)- $\alpha$ -phenylethylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(5-methyl-isoxazol-3-yl-carbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl-carbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;

N<sup>6</sup>-(4-n-propoxy-phenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;

 $N^6$ -bis-(4-nitrophenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide; and

 $N^6$ -bis-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yl-carbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide.

72 (New). A method according to claim 53, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of:

N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-hydroxyethyladenine;
R-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)adenine;
S-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)adenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyladenin-9-yl)acetic acid;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(3-cyanopropyl)adenine;
2-chloro-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
2-amino-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
2-hydrazido-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-2-methylamino-9-methyladenine;
2-dimethylamino-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyladenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyl-2-propylaminoadenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyl-2-propylaminoadenine;
N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyl-2-methyladenine;

N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-methyl-2-(4-pyridylthio)adenine; (1S, 2R, 3S, 4R) -4-(6-amino-2-phenylethylamino-9Hpurin-9-yl)cyclopentane-1,2,3-triol; (1S, 2R, 3S, 4R) -4-(6-amino-2-chloro-9H-purin-9-yl) cyclopentane-1,2,3-triol;  $(\pm)$  -9-[2 $\alpha$ , 3 $\alpha$ -dihydroxy-4 $\beta$ -(Nmethylcarbamoyl)cyclopent- $1\beta$ -yl)]- $N^6$ -(3iodobenzyl) -adenine; 2-chloro-9-(2'-amino-2',3'-dideoxy- $\beta$ -D-5'-methylarabino-furonamido)  $-N^6$ -(3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(2',3'-dideoxy-2'-fluoro- $\beta$ -D-5'-methylarabino-furonamido)  $-N^6$  - (3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 9-(2-acetyl-3-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-5-methyl-ribofuronamido)-2chloro-N<sup>6</sup> (3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(3-deoxy-2-methanesulfonyl- $\beta$ -D-5-methylribofuronamido)  $-N^6$  - (3 - iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(3-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-5-methyl-ribofuronamido)-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl) adenine; 2-chloro-9-(3,5-1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyldisiloxyl- $\beta$ -D-5-ribofuranosyl)-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)adenine; 2-chloro-9-(2',3'-0-thiocarbonyl- $\beta$ -D-5-methylribofuronamido) -N<sup>6</sup> - (3 - iodobenzyl) adenine;

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           9-(2-phenoxythiocarbonyl-3-deoxy-\beta-D-5-methyl-
                ribofuronamido) -2-chloro-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-
                iodobenzyl) adenine;
           1-(6-benzylamino-9H-purin-9-yl)-1-deoxy-N,4-
                dimethyl-\beta-D-ribofuranosiduronamide;
           2-chloro-9-(2,3-dideoxy-\beta-D-5-methyl-
                ribofuronamido) -N<sup>6</sup>-benzyladenine;
           2-chloro-9-(2'-azido-2',3'-dideoxy-\beta-D-5'-methyl-
                arabino-furonamido) -N<sup>6</sup>-benzyladenine;
           2-chloro-9-(\beta-D-erythrofuranoside)-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-
                iodobenzyl)adenine;
           N^6-(benzodioxanemethyl)adenosine;
           1-(6-furfurylamino-9H-purin-9-yl)-1-deoxy-N-methyl-
                \beta-D-ribofuranosiduronamide;
           N<sup>6</sup>-[3-(L-prolylamino) benzyl] adenosine-5'-N-
                methyluronamide;
           N^6-[3-(\beta-alanylamino)benzyl]adenosine-5'-N-
                methyluronamide;
           N^6-[3-(N-T-Boc-\beta-alanylamino)benzyl]adenosine-5'-N-
                methyluronamide
           6-(N'-phenylhydrazinyl)purine-9-\beta-ribofuranoside-5'-
                N-methyluronamide;
           6-(0-phenylhydroxylamino) purine-9-\beta-ribofuranoside-
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5'-N-methyluronamide;

- 9-( $\beta$ -D-2',3'-dideoxyerythrofuranosyl)-N<sup>6</sup>-[(3- $\beta$ -alanylamino)benzyl]adenosine;
- 9-( $\beta$ -D-erythrofuranoside)-2-methylamino-N<sup>6</sup>-(3-iodobenzyl)adenine;
- 2-chloro-N-(3-iodobenzyl)-9-(2-tetrahydrofuryl)-9Hpurin-6-amine;
- 2-chloro-(2'-deoxy-6'-thio-L-arabinosyl)adenine;
- 2-chloro-(6'-thio-L-arabinosyl)adenine;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(4-biphenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(2,4-dichlorobenzyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(4-methoxyphenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(4-chlorophenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(phenyl-carbonylamino)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(benzylcarbamoylamino)-adenosine-5'-Nethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(4-sulfonamido-phenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(4-acetyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;

- $N^6$ -((R)- $\alpha$ -phenylethylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -((S)- $\alpha$ -phenylethylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -(5-methyl-isoxazol-3-yl-carbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl-carbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- N<sup>6</sup>-(4-n-propoxy-phenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide;
- $N^6$ -bis-(4-nitrophenylcarbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide; and
- $N^6$ -bis-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yl-carbamoyl)-adenosine-5'-N-ethyluronamide.
- 73 (New). A method according to Claim 46, wherein the active ingredient is in the form of a triethylammonium salt.
- 74 (New). A method according to Claim 53, wherein the active ingredient is in the form of a triethylammonium salt.
- 75 (New). A method according to Claim 47, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of those of formula (IV) in which:

 $X_1$  is  $R^aR^bNC$  (=0), wherein  $R^a$  and  $R^b$  may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  aminoalkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyoxy, amino,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl, and  $R_4$  is selected from the group consisting of R- and S-1-phenylethyl, an unsubstituted benzyl group, and a benzyl group substituted in one or more positions with a substituent selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl, nitro, hydroxy, acetamido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy, and sulfo.

76 (New). A method according to claim 76, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of those of formula (IV) in which:

 $R^a$  and  $R^b$  are the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and  $C_1\text{-}C_{10}$  alkyl, and  $R_2$  is hydrogen or halo;

 $\mbox{\sc R}^a$  is hydrogen,  $\mbox{\sc R}_2$  is hydrogen and  $\mbox{\sc R}_5$  is unsubstituted benzyl;

 $R^b$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl or  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl and  $R_5$  in R- or S-1-phenylethyl or a benzyl substituted in one or more positions with a substituent selected from the group consisting of halo, amino, acetamido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl and sulfo, wherein the sulfo derivative is a salt;

 $\mbox{R}_2$  is a  $\mbox{C}_2\mbox{-}\mbox{C}_{10}$  alkyne of the formula  $\mbox{R}^d\mbox{-}\mbox{C}=\mbox{C}-$  where  $\mbox{R}^d$  is a  $\mbox{C}_1\mbox{-}\mbox{C}_8$  alkyl; or

 $R_2$  is a halo,  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkylamino, or  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkylthio,  $R^a$  is hydrogen,  $R^b$  is  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkyl and  $R_5$  is a substituted benzyl.

77 (New). A method according to Claim 54, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of those of formula (IV) in which:

 $X_1$  is  $R^aR^bNC$  (=0), wherein  $R^a$  and  $R^b$  may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  aminoalkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyoxy, amino,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl, and  $R_4$  is selected from the group consisting of R- and S-1-phenylethyl, an unsubstituted benzyl group, and a benzyl group substituted in one or more positions with a substituent selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, amino, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl, nitro, hydroxy, acetamido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy, and sulfo.

78 (New). A method according to claim 78, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of those of formula (IV) in which:

 $R^a$  and  $R^b$  are the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, and  $R_2$  is hydrogen or halo;

 $R^a$  is hydrogen,  $R_2$  is hydrogen and  $R_5$  is unsubstituted benzyl;

 $R^b$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl or  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl and  $R_5$  in R- or S-1-phenylethyl or a benzyl substituted in one or more positions with a substituent selected from the group consisting of halo, amino, acetamido,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  haloalkyl and sulfo, wherein the sulfo derivative is a salt;

 $\mbox{R}_2$  is a  $\mbox{C}_2\mbox{-}\mbox{C}_{10}$  alkyne of the formula  $\mbox{R}^d\mbox{-}\mbox{C}=\mbox{C}-$  where  $\mbox{R}^d$  is a  $\mbox{C}_1\mbox{-}\mbox{C}_8$  alkyl; or

 $R_2$  is a halo,  $C_1\text{-}C_{10}$  alkylamino, or  $C_1\text{-}C_{10}$  alkylthio,  $R^a$  is hydrogen,  $R^b$  is  $C_1\text{-}C_{10}$  alkyl and  $R_5$  is a substituted benzyl.

79 (New). A method for inhibiting abnormal cell proliferation in a subject in need thereof, comprising administering to the subject an adenosine A3 receptor agonist (A3RAg) in an amount of less than 100  $\mu g/Kg$  body weight.

80 (New). A method according to Claim 79 wherein the amount of the A3RAg is less than 50  $\mu g/kg$  body weight.